RESENE HERMAN PACIFIC WOODX

Resene Paints Ltd

Version No: **1.2**Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Issue Date: **02/05/2018**Print Date: **02/05/2018**L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

| Product name | RESENE HERMAN PACIFIC WOODX | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Synonyms | ot Available | |
| Other means of identification | Not Available | |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses 10074

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Resene Paints Ltd | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| 2-50 Vogel Street 5011 Naenae Wellington New Zealand | | | |
| 4 577 0500 | | | |
| 64 4 5773327 | | | |
| www.resene.co.nz | | | |
| advice@resene.co.nz | | | |
| | | | |

Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation | NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days) | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Emergency telephone numbers | 0800 764766 | | | |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available | | | |

CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE

| Primary Number | Alternative Number 1 | Alternative Number 2 | | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| +800 2436 2255 | +800 2436 2255 | +612 9186 1132 | | |

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

| Classification [1] Flammable Liquid Category 4, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 5, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3, Skin Sensitizer Category 1 Category 2, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3 | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Anne | | | | |
| Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria | 6.5B (contact), 9.1C, 6.3B, 3.1D, 6.1E (oral), 9.1D, 6.8B | | | |

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





SIGNAL WORD

WARNING

Hazard statement(s)

| H227 | Combustible liquid. | |
|------|--|--|
| H303 | May be harmful if swallowed. | |
| H316 | ses mild skin irritation. | |
| H317 | ay cause an allergic skin reaction. | |
| H361 | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. | |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |

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Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P308+P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 to be identified:

Mixtures

| CAS No | %[weight] | Name |
|-------------|-----------|---|
| 55406-53-6 | 0.1-1 | 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate |
| 111-77-3 | 0.1-1 | diethylene glycol monomethyl ether |
| 64742-82-1. | 10-30 | naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy |

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention if pain persists or recurs. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Skin Contact Skin Contact Remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation. | | | | |
| Inhalation If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. | | | | |
| Ingestion | If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. | | | |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

► Foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility ▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters

| Fire Fighting | Fire Fighting ► Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | ► Combustible. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes. | | | | |

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | ▶ Remove all ignition sources. Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete cleanup. |
|--------------|--|
| Major Spills | Moderate hazard. Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non- combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non- sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authority. |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

- ▶ Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping this may result in fire.
- ▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- ► DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin

Other information

► Store in original containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container | ► Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Storage incompatibility | Avoid reaction with oxidising agents |

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

| Source | Ingredient | Material name | TWA | STEL | Peak | Notes |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES) | naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy | White spirits (Stoddard solvent) | 525 mg/m3 / 100 ppm | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES) | naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy | Rubber solvent (Naphtha) | 1600 mg/m3 / 400 ppm | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |

EMERGENCY LIMITS

| Ingredient | Material name | TEEL-1 | TEEL-2 | TEEL-3 |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate | Butyl-3-iodo-2-propynylcarbamate | 3.3 mg/m3 | 36 mg/m3 | 220 mg/m3 |
| diethylene glycol monomethyl ether | Methoxyethoxy)ethanol, 2-(2-; (Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether) | 3.4 ppm | 37 ppm | 220 ppm |
| naphtha, petroleum, | Naphtha, hydrotreated heavy; (Isopar L-rev 2) | 350 | 1,800 | 40,000 |
| hydrodesulfurised heavy | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | mg/m3 |
| naphtha, petroleum, | Petroleum distillates; petroleum ether; includes clay-treated light naphthenic [64742-45-6]; low boiling [68477-31-6]; petroleum extracts [64742-06-9]; petroleum base oil [64742-46-7]; petroleum 50 thinner, petroleum spirits [64475-85-0], Soltrol, VM&P naphtha [8032-32-4]; Ligroine, and paint solvent; petroleum paraffins C5-C20 [64771-72-8]; hydrotreated light naphthenic [64742-53-6]; solvent refined light naphthenic [64741-97-5]; and machine coolant 1 | 1,100 | 1,800 | 40,000 |
| hydrodesulfurised heavy | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | mg/m3 |
| naphtha, petroleum, | Naphtha (coal tar); includes solvent naphtha, petroleum (64742-88-7), naphtha (petroleum) light aliphatic, rubber solvent (64742-89-8), heaevy catalytic cracked (64741-54-4), light straight run (64741-46-4), heavy aliphatic solvent (64742-96-7), high flash aromatic and aromatic solvent naphtha (64742-95-6) | 1,200 | 6,700 | 40,000 |
| hydrodesulfurised heavy | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | mg/m3 |
| naphtha, petroleum, | Stoddard solvent; (Mineral spirits, 85% nonane and 15% trimethyl benzene) | 300 | 1,800 | 29500 |
| hydrodesulfurised heavy | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | mg/m3 |

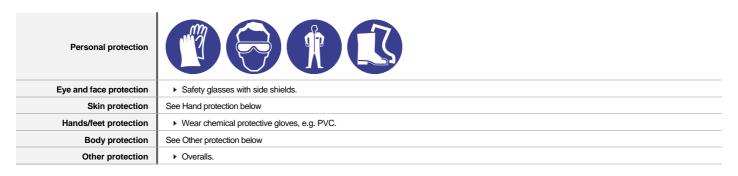
| Ingredient | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH |
|--|---|---------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate | Not Available | Not Available |
| diethylene glycol monomethyl ether | Not Available | Not Available |
| naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy | 20000 mg/m3 / 1,100 [LEL] ppm / 1,000 [LEL] ppm | Not Available |

Exposure controls

| Appropriate engineering controls | Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. |
|----------------------------------|--|

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Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas and during spraying. An approved respirator with a replaceable vapour/ mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 1715 Standard, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716 Standard, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Clear amber oil like liquid | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|---|---------------|--|
| Physical state | Liquid | Relative density (Water = 1) | 0.9 | |
| Odour | Not Available | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available | |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | Not Available | |
| pH (as supplied) | Not Available | Decomposition temperature | Not Available | |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | Not Available | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | >160 | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Available | |
| Flash point (°C) | 70-75 | Taste | Not Available | |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available | |
| Flammability | Combustible | Oxidising properties | Not Available | |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available | |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Volatile Component (%vol) | 15 | |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available | |
| Solubility in water (g/L) | Immiscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Available | |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | Not Available | VOC g/L | 67 | |

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | See section 7 |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Chemical stability | ► stable |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | See section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | See section 7 |
| Hazardous decomposition products | See section 5 |

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

| Inhaled | The material is not thought to produce either adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following inhalation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). |
|--------------|--|
| Ingestion | Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. |
| Skin Contact | Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking, flaking or drying following normal handling and use. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. |
| Eye | Limited evidence exists, or practical experience suggests, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or is expected to produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals. |

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Chronic

Exposure to the material may cause concerns for human fertility, generally on the basis that results in animal studies provide sufficient evidence to cause a strong suspicion of impaired fertility in the absence of toxic effects, or evidence of impaired fertility occurring at around the same dose levels as other toxic effects, but which are not a secondary non-specific consequence of other toxic effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying with cracking, irritation and possible dermatitis following.

| RESENE HERMAN PACIFIC WOODX | TOXICITY Not Available | IRRITATION Not Available | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate | TOXICITY dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[2] Inhalation (rat) LC50: 0.680 mg/l/4h*g ^[2] Oral (rat) LD50: 1056 mg/kg ^[2] | | IRRITATION Eye: Irritating Skin: Slight irritant |
| | | | |

diethylene glycol monomethyl ether

| TOXICITY | IRRITATION | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 20000 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 500 mg moderate | |
| Oral (rat) LD50: 4040 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h mild | |

naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy

| TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
|--|---------------|
| Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1900 mg/kg ^[1] | Not Available |
| Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1900 mg/kg ^[1] | |
| Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1900 mg/kg ^[1] | |
| Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1900 mg/kg ^[1] | |
| dermal (rat) LD50: 28000 mg/kg ^[2] | |
| Inhalation (rat) LC50: >2796.8052 mg/l/8H ^[2] | |
| Inhalation (rat) LC50: 3396.1206 mg/l/4H ^[2] | |
| Inhalation (rat) LC50: 61 mg/l/4H $^{[2]}$ | |
| Oral (rat) LD50: >4300 mg/kg ^[2] | |
| Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1] | |
| Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1] | |
| Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1] | |
| Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1] | |
| Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1] | |

Legend:

1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

| 3-IODO-2-PROPYNYL BUTYL CARBAMATE | for 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate (IPBC): Acute toxicity: Acceptable acute toxicity studies with IPBC indicate low toxicity except eye irritation. |
|---|---|
| NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, HYDRODESULFURISED HEAVY | No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. Studies indicate that normal, branched and cyclic paraffins are absorbed from the mammalian gastrointestinal tract and that the absorption of n-paraffins is inversely proportional to the carbon chain length, with little absorption above C30. |

| Acute Toxicity | ✓ | Carcinogenicity | 0 |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|---|
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion | ✓ | Reproductivity | ✓ |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation | 0 | STOT - Single Exposure | 0 |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | ✓ | STOT - Repeated Exposure | 0 |
| Mutagenicity | 0 | Aspiration Hazard | 0 |

Legend:

★ - Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

Data available to make classification

O - Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

| RESENE HERMAN PACIFIC WOODX | ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE | SOURCE |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| | | | | | |

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| 3-iodo-2-propynyl but | yl |
|-----------------------|----|
| carbama | te |

| ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE | SOURCE |
|----------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| LC50 | 96 | Fish | 0.067mg/L | 4 |
| EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | 0.04mg/L | 5 |
| NOEC | 48 | Crustacea | <0.01mg/L | 4 |

diethylene glycol monomethyl ether

| ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE | SOURCE |
|----------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|--------|
| LC50 | 96 | Fish | 7500mg/L | 4 |
| EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | >500mg/L | 1 |
| EC50 | 72 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >500mg/L | 1 |

naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy

| ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE | SOURCE |
|----------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------|
| EC50 | 72 | Algae or other aquatic plants | =13mg/L | 1 |
| NOEC | 72 | Algae or other aquatic plants | =0.1mg/L | 1 |
| EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | >100mg/L | 1 |
| EC50 | 96 | Algae or other aquatic plants | =450mg/L | 1 |
| EC50 | 72 | Algae or other aquatic plants | =6.5mg/L | 1 |
| NOEC | 72 | Algae or other aquatic plants | <0.1mg/L | 1 |
| LC50 | 96 | Fish | 0.00746mg/L | 4 |
| EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | 0.058mg/L | 4 |
| BCF | 96 | Fish | 0.2mg/L | 4 |
| NOEC | 168 | Crustacea | <=0.05mg/L | 4 |
| LC50 | 96 | Fish | 8.8mg/L | 4 |
| EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | 3.7mg/L | 4 |
| EC50 | 72 | Algae or other aquatic plants | =6.5mg/L | 1 |
| NOEC | 72 | Algae or other aquatic plants | <0.1mg/L | 1 |
| EC50 | 72 | Algae or other aquatic plants | =6.5mg/L | 1 |
| NOEC | 72 | Algae or other aquatic plants | <0.1mg/L | 1 |

Legend:

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

For hydrocarbons:

Environmental fate:

The lower molecular weight hydrocarbons are expected to form a 'slick' on the surface of waters after release in calm sea conditions.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate | HIGH | HIGH |
| diethylene glycol monomethyl ether | LOW | LOW |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate | LOW (LogKOW = 2.4542) |
| diethylene glycol monomethyl ether | LOW (BCF = 0.18) |

Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate | LOW (KOC = 365.3) |
| diethylene glycol monomethyl ether | HIGH (KOC = 1) |

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains

Product / Packaging disposal ► Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.

Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

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Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO |
|------------------|----------------|
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable |

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

| HSR Number | Group Standard |
|------------|---|
| HSR002657 | Surface Coatings and Colourants (Combustible) |

3-IODO-2-PROPYNYL BUTYL CARBAMATE(55406-53-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals (NZloC) Chemicals

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER(111-77-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of

Chemicals

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, HYDRODESULFURISED HEAVY(64742-82-1.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Monographs

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations - Prohibited List

Passenger and Cargo Aircraft

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of

Chemicals

Location Test Certificate

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

| Hazard Class | Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers | Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers |
|----------------|--|--|
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations and Regulation 9 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 6, 8, and 9 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

| Class of substance | Quantities |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Not Applicable | Not Applicable |

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

| National Inventory | Status |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Australia - AICS | Y |
| Canada - DSL | Υ |
| Canada - NDSL | N (diethylene glycol monomethyl ether; 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate; naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy) |
| China - IECSC | Υ |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | Υ |
| Japan - ENCS | Υ |
| Korea - KECI | Υ |

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| New Zealand - NZIoC | Y |
|---------------------|---|
| Philippines - PICCS | Υ |
| USA - TSCA | Υ |
| Legend: | Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets) |

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

| Revision Date | 02/05/2018 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date | 03/05/2018 |

Other information

Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

| Name | CAS No |
|--|---|
| naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy | 64742-82-1., 64741-92-0., 8052-41-3., 1030262-12-4., 8032-32-4., 8030-30-6., 64742-88-7., 64742-89-8., 8002-05-9., 61789-95-5., 64742-48-9., 101795-02-2., 8031-06-9., 8030-31-7., 50813-73-5., 54847-97-1., 121448-83-7., 8031-38-7., 8031-39-8. |

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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